

**Plant Name: Lagurus ovatus hare's tail grass AGM**  
**Common Name: Hares-tail, Bouquet Grass**

**Plant Type:** Grass  
**Colour:** Creamy white  
**Height:** 40cm  
**Spread:** 15-22cm

**Flowering Time:** Flowers from Jul to Sep



**Species Data (applies to all plants in this Plant Species)**

Species: ovatus

This grass works especially well with flowers that bloom in late summer and autumn. The 'tails' turn to rich tan and dry out beautifully on the plant. You can leave them there – as they make spectacular winter accents, lasting until they catch the first heavy snowfall or cut and dry them for indoor arrangements. They dry beautifully and last for months, refusing to shatter the way some textured grasses do after drying.

**Drying:**

Hare's Tail Grass can be dried and make interesting focal or secondary flowers in dried arrangements. Cut the flowers after they open, tie them in bunches, and hang them upside down in a well-ventilated room.

**Plant Uses:**

Architectural, Cottage/Informal Garden, Drought Resistant, Flower Arranging, Flowers Borders and Beds, Low Maintenance or Mediterranean.

**Habitat:**

Lagurus ovatus is an annual Mediterranean grass. It is usually found growing in fairly short coastal grassland and fixed sand-dunes near the coast.

**Plant Data (applies to THIS plant only)**

Lagurus ovatus hare's tail grass Wildflower of the British Isles  
Common Name: Hares-tail, Bouquet Grass, Ornamental Grass

Flowers: Creamy white awns in July to September  
Height: 40cm (15")  
Spread: 15-22cm (6-9")  
Position: Full Sun  
Soil: Ordinary garden soil or sandy soil  
Annual

Lagurus ovatus is probably the most appealing of all the ornamental grasses. The name 'Hare's Tail' perfectly accurately describes the creamy-white flower heads, which are hare's tail-shaped, fur-like and soft to the touch!

A short grass with green leaves and a clump forming habit, the fluffy plumes are ideal for the edge of the garden, adding texture to beds and borders. Easy to grow from seed and flowering in 12-13 weeks and although an annual, it may be hardy in some regions or with frost-free protection in winter.

Awarded the prestigious RHS Award of Garden Merit (AGM).

**Aftercare:**

Prefers sandy soil and medium to low fertility. Even without an annual feed, most grasses will put on a first-rate show. The more nitrogen grasses receive the greener and further they'll grow. This spreading habit is fine in a field, but in a garden they may become too lush and the flower quality may suffer.